HISTORIC PROPERTY INVENTORY FORM

Field Site No.	283-E OAHP No			April 1995		Office of Ar	chaeology and Histo		ppment
Site Name Historic Common	Water Filtration Plant Building		<u> </u>	vised 27 May 1998			venue Southwest, Po		
Field Recorder	M.V. Scott, M.S. Gerber, D.W. Harvey, J	K Keating				Olympia, W	ashington 98504-83	43 (206)/53-4011	
Owner's Name	U.S. Department of Energy, Richland Op			LOCATION SECTION					
Address	P.O. Box 550	oranono omoo	Address Building 283-E, 200 East Area						
City/State/Zip Code	Richland, WA 99352				City/Town/County/Zip Cod		Richland/Benton Co	unty/99352	
			Hanford Photograph	hy Lab:	Twp 12N Range 26E	Section	3 I/4 Section	SE 1/4 1/4 Sec	SE
Status		Photography	95050394-4		Tax No./Parcel No.		-	Acreage	
x Survey/Inventory		Photography Neg. No.	HCRL: Roll 330, Fra	ames 12-16, 19-22	Quadrangle or map name	G		ton Quad 7.5 min seri	
National Register		(Roll No. & Frame No.)			UTM References Zone		Easting 305600	Northing	5158020
State Register		View of	N, W, S Facades, B	Basins, Interior	Plat/Block/Lot				
Determined Eligible		Date	1995, March 1998		Supplemental Map(s)				
Determined Not Elig	•								
Other (HABS, HAE	R, NHL)	Photo at right: Roll 330), Frame 22. View of n	north and east					
Local Designation		facades; clearwell in fo	reground, settling bas	ins at right					
				¬					
Classification	District Site		Structure	Object					
District Status	x NR SR	LR LI	NV				1		
Contributing	X Non-Contributing	L	r Fra Historia District			Step 1	and the latest devices in		
District/Thematic Nom	Hanford Site Mannati	tan Project and Cold War	r Era Historic District	I		- TOTAL 194	CATALON MARINE		
Description Section					A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH				
Materials & Features/S	Structural Types	Roof Type			尼西 斯 (1997年)				LA.
Building Type	Industry		Hip						THE REAL PROPERTY.
Plan	L-shaped		Pyramidal		Name of Street or other	N. Papperson	SELECTION OF STREET		FREE S
Structural System	Reinforced Concrete		Other (specify)		Allers Principles of London	3	NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE OWNER, WHEN		
No. of Stories	3 and 2	Gambrel	(-1 7)	E		D TOTAL	中国发展中		
		Shed		-	Marie Street	40000	ALC: UNKNOWN		
Cladding (exterior Wal	I Surfaces				AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON	A CONTRACTOR OF	副操制短	MARKET STATES	
Log		Roof Material			-	-	THE PARTY NAMED IN	1	
Horizontal Wood Si	ding	Wood Shingle					STREET, SQUARE, SQUARE		
Rustic/Drop		Wood Shake		-					
Clapboard		Composition							
Wood Shingle		Slate							
Board and Batten		Tar/Built-up		The state of the s			STATE OF THE PARTY		
Vertical Board		Tile		<u>L</u>					
Asbestos/Asphalt		Metal (specify)			High Styles/Forms (Check	one or mo			
Brick			concrete		Greek Revival			olonial Revival/Mediter	ranean
Stone		Not visible			Gothic Revival		Tudor Rev		
Stucco		Farm dation			Italianate			/Arts & Crafts	
Terra Cotta x Concrete/Concrete	Block	Foundation Log Concr	roto		Second Empire Romanesque Revival		Bungalow Prairie Sty		
x Concrete/Concrete Vinyl/Aluminum Sid			Block		Stick Style			rie Art Moderne	
Metal (specify)	iing		Poured		Queen Anne		Rustic Sty		
Other (specify)			Other (specify)		Shingle Style		Internation		
Other (specify)		Not visible	other (specify)		Colonial Revival		Northwest		
		THOU VISIBIO			Beaux Arts/Neoclassic	al		al Vernacular	
	(Include detailed description in				Chicago/Commercial S			al Vernacular (see belov	v)
Integrity	Description of Physical Appearance)				American Foursquare	,	x Other (spe	cify)	•,
	Intact	Slight Moderate	e Exten	sive	Mission Revival			Vernacular	
Changes to plan	X								
Changes to windows	x	\vdash		╡	Vernacular House Types				
Changes to original clad				7	Gable Front		Cross Gal	ole	
Changes to interior	-	x		7	Gable Front and Wing		Pyramidal		
Other (specify)				7	Side Gable		Other (spe		
				_					

NARRATIVE SECTION

Study Unit Themes (check one or more of the following	ng)	
Agriculture Architecture/Landscape Architecture Arts Commerce Communications Community Planning/Development	Conservation Education Entertainment/Recreation Ethnic Heritage (specify) Health/Medicine Manufacturing/Industry Military	Politics/Government/Law Religion x Science & Engineering Social Movements/Organizations Transportation x Other (specify) Manhattan Project and Cold War Eras x Study Unit Sub-Theme(s) Chemical Separation, Facilities Support (Infrastructure)
Statement of Significance		r dominos support (illindentocuto)
Date of Construction 1943-1944 x In the opinion of the surveyor, this property appears	Architect/Engineer/Builder E.I. du Pont de Nemours Corporation to meet the criteria of the National Register of Historic Places.	_

The 283-E Water Filtration Plant Building was built in 1943-44 to filter raw water for sanitary water use in the 200 East Area. 283-E received water from the 282-E Pumphouse and Reservoir facility, that was supplied from the 100-B Areas pumphouse (100-D Area for emergency backup) along the Columbia River. Filtered water was used to serve many general operation functions. However, it also was the water used to support the chemical separations process which isolated plutonium. Although the water filtered at 283-E was primarily for use in the 200 East Area, a tie-in line existed to supply water to the 200 West Area in case of an emergency need. Sanitary water was continuously stored in the clearwell so that a water supply would always be available.

x In the opinion of the surveyor, this property is located in a potential historic district (National and/or local).

The process of filtration in 283-E involved the incorporation of chlorine and alum into the raw water to clean out impurities. Further, mixing is accomplished within the settling basins where solids are settled out of the water. Gravity filters then remove small suspended solids, chlorine is added, and the water flows to clearwells where the chlorine is allowed to completely mix with the water. Water is pumped from the clearwells into the sanitary water grid. Quality checks are performed by drawing out water samples and analyzing the purity/sanitation levels. 283-E maintained its function throughout the Manhattan Project and Cold War Era and is still in operation today. Pumps in the facility were replaced in 1995-1996 and the replacement of the electrical equipment is planned.

The requirement for a sanitary water supply in the 200 East Area was fulfilled entirely by the 283-E Water Filtration Plant operations. It is therefore the conclusion of the U.S. Department of Energy that Building 283-E is eligible for inclusion in the National Register of Historic Places under Criterion A as a contributing property within the Hanford Site Manhattan Project and Cold War Era Historic District.

Description of Physical Appearance

The 283-E Building is a two and three story concrete and structural steel frame building with a below-grade basement (in the head house only). The facility consists of a head house for chemical feeding, chemical mixing and contact chambers, sedimentation/settling basins, and a clearwell. The 283-E Building's foundation is a reinforced concrete pad 18 in. thick having spread footing and oriented east-west.

The head house is an L-shaped building with the longer portion (north-south oriented) two-stories high and the shorter portion (east-west oriented) three-stories high plus a basement level. Roofing material for the structural steel portions of the building consist of concrete tile covered with built-up felt and gravel. Roofing material for the flat concrete frame portions consist of built-up felt and gravel surface and contain two ventilators. Exterior walls are 8 in. concrete block and partitions are 4 in. concrete block. The basement contains four electrical water pumps; the original steam turbines are no longer in service. The basement, as well as the first floor, were constructed with a reinforced concrete frame. The first floor (also the main level) contains a sub-level pipe gallery, laboratory, control chlorination room and an office. The second floor was also constructed with a reinforced concrete frame over the chemical mixing room, but was structural steel frame over the filter portion. This floor contains alum feeders, a mixing room and a sanitary filter. The third floor is structural steel frame throughout. Monorail hoists are used to transport containers of dry chemicals from the ground surface to the third floor storage room through the high-bay double door. This floor contains the alum hoppers.

(See Continuation Page)

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Description of Physical Appearance Continued

On the west side of the head house are four (originally only two) reinforced concrete settling basins. Each has dimensions of 17 feet by 51 feet with an average storage depth of 12 feet and totaling 80,000 gallons. The basins include baffle mixing and contact chambers. Along the east side of the head house is an underground reinforced concrete covered clearwell reservoir and filtered water pump room. The clearwell reservoir has a storage capacity of 200,000 gallons. The floor in the clearwell is sloped on three sides. The roof is 4 inches thick reinforced concrete covered with a built-up felt and gravel surface extending approximately 6 inches below grade. The pump room has 1 foot thick reinforced concrete walls with spread footings having 18 inches wall between the pump room and the clearwell. It contains three 600 gallons per minute filtered water pumps and one 600 gallons per minute sanitary and fire pump. An opening allows for removal of pumping equipment via an overhead monorail.

Major Bibliographic References

AEC-GE Study Group. 1964. Catalog of Hanford Buildings and Facilities, 200 Areas. GEH-26434. Richland, Washington.

E.I. du Pont de Nemours Corporation. 1945. Construction Hanford Engineer Works: History of the Project . HAN-73214, Volume III. Wilmington, Delaware.

Gerber, M.S. 1993. Manhattan Project Buildings and Facilities at the Hanford Site: A Construction History. WHC-MR-0425. Westinghouse Hanford Company. Richland, Washington.

Hopkins, Bill (Fluor Daniel Hanford, Inc.). March 1998. Personal Communication. Richland, Washington.